Cabezon, *Scorpaenichthys marmoratus* 1993-1999 Commercial Catch by Ports & Blocks



Marine Fishery Profiles

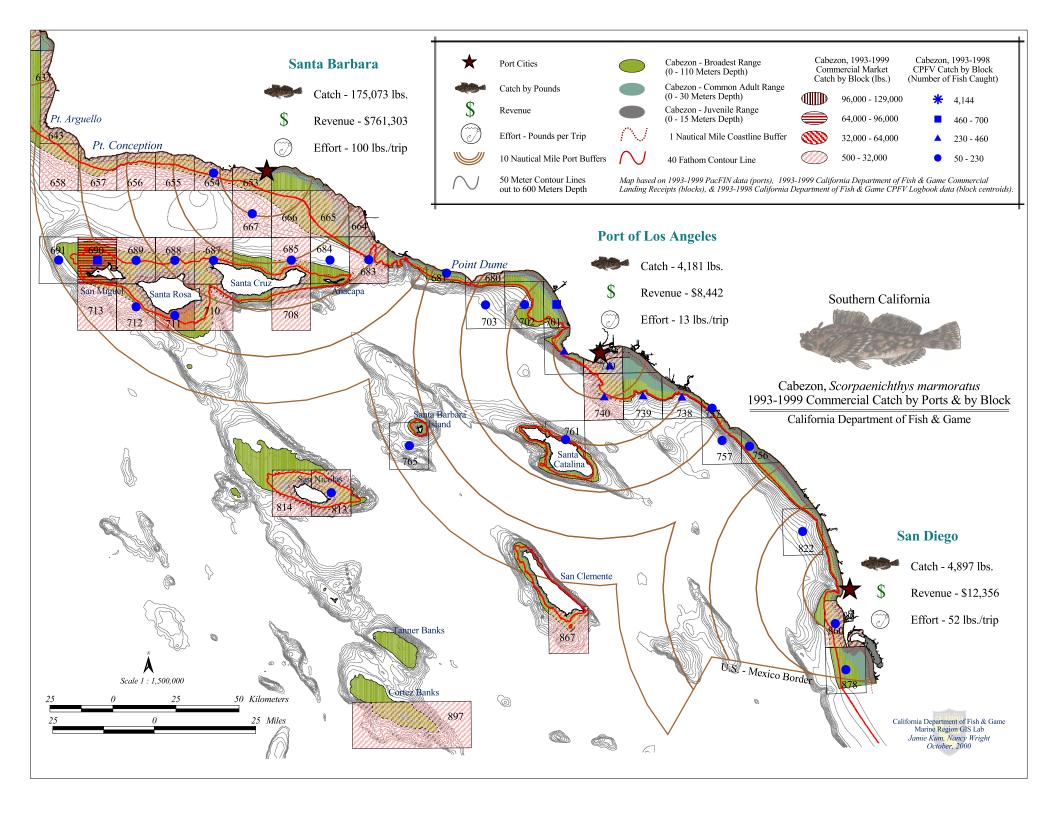
Volume 1:Nearshore

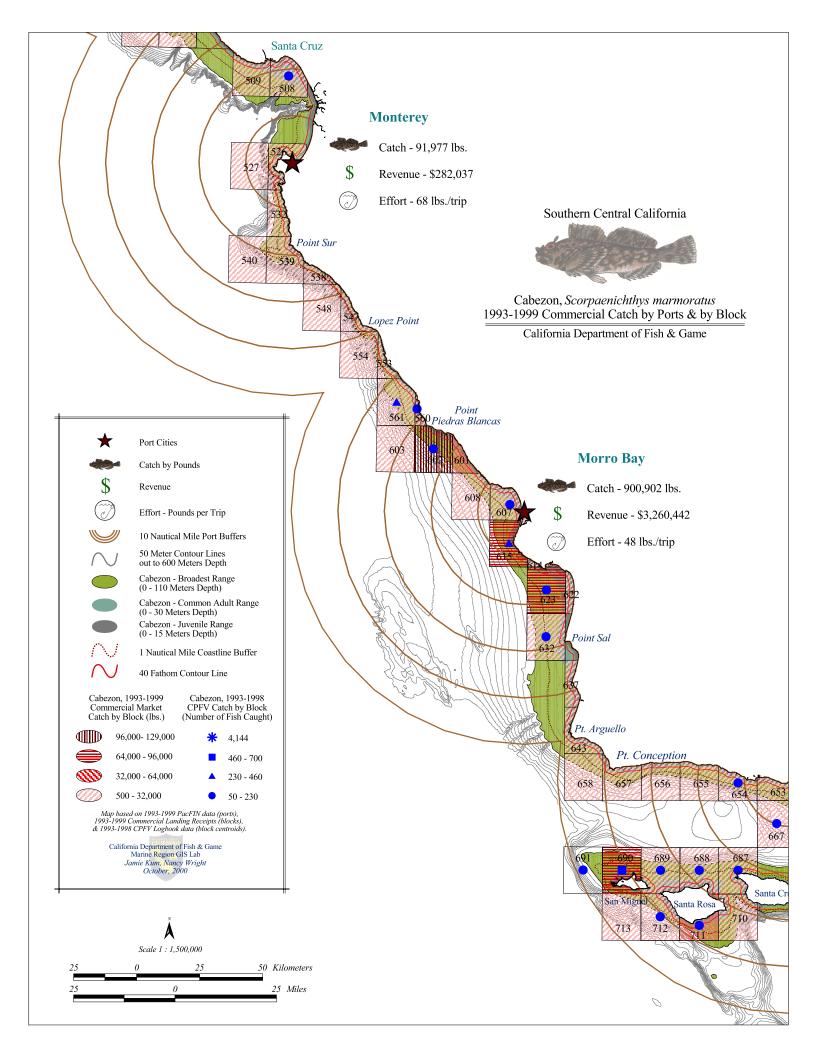
Marine Region GIS Lab

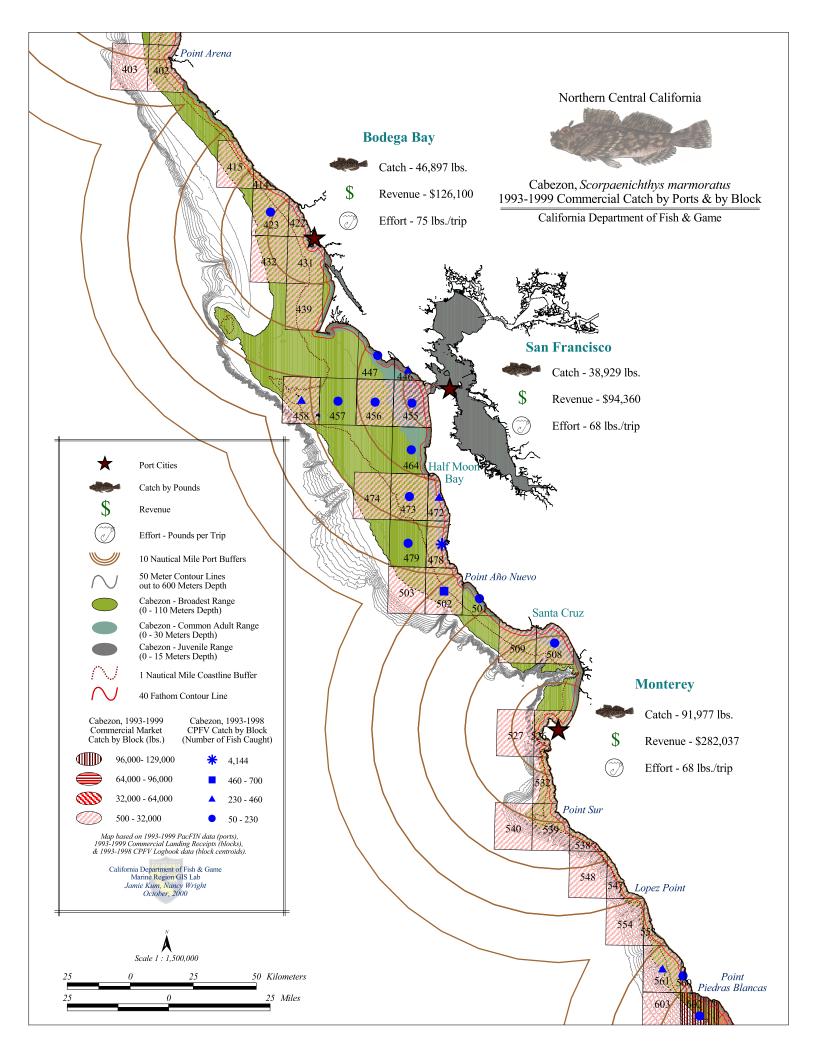
Nancy Wright Eric Knaggs
Jamie Kum Bob Leos
Chad King Colleena Perez



December 2000







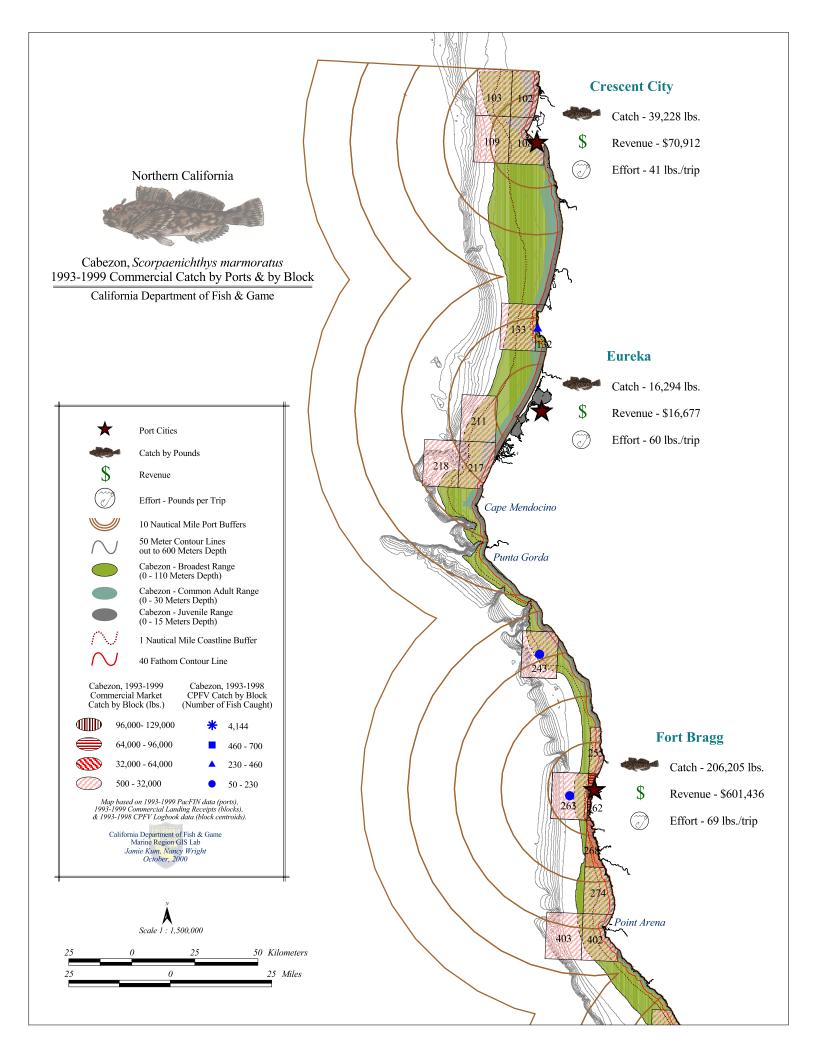


Figure 1. (refer to table 1) CDFG Commercial Receipts Data (1993 - 1999) Total Pounds of Cabezon Caught and Average Price per Pound by Month

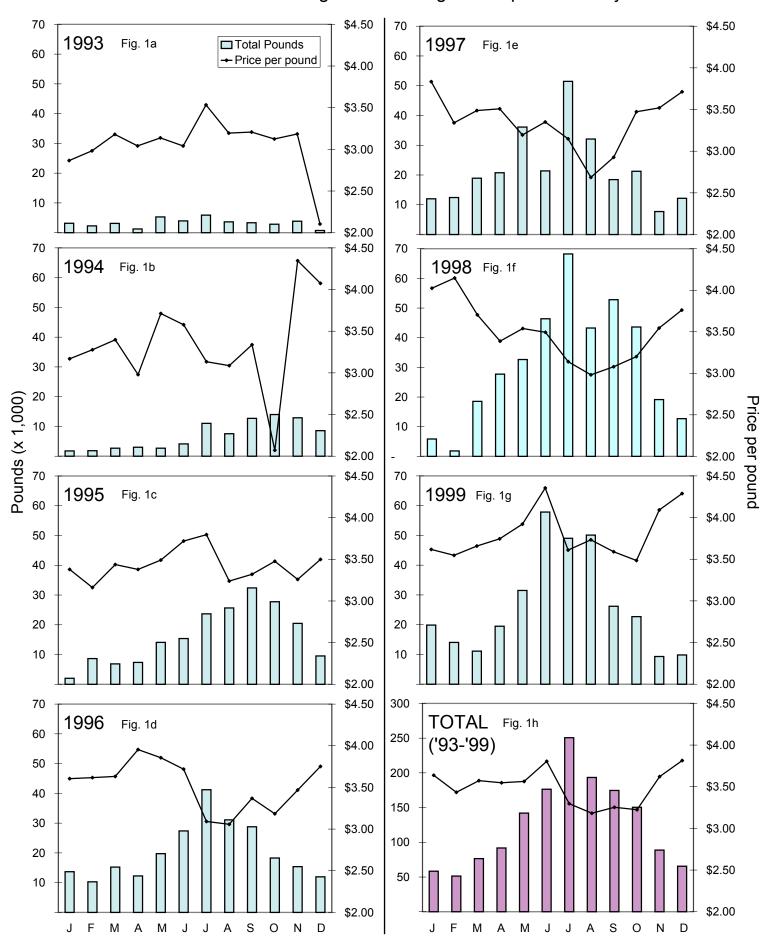


Table 1. (refer to fig. 1) CDFG Commercial Receipts Data (1993 - 1999) Total Pounds of Cabezon Caught and Average Price per Pound by Month

1	99	3
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Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	3,160	\$2.87
Feb	2,270	\$2.98
Mar	3,108	\$3.18
Apr	1,256	\$3.04
May	5,298	\$3.14
Jun	3,952	\$3.04
Jul	5,887	\$3.53
Aug	3,624	\$3.20
Sep	3,336	\$3.21
Oct	2,834	\$3.12
Nov	3,857	\$3.18
Dec	728	\$2.10
Total	39,312	\$3.15

1997 Table 1e

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	12,003	\$3.83
Feb	12,438	\$3.34
Mar	18,931	\$3.49
Apr	20,748	\$3.51
May	36,098	\$3.19
Jun	21,383	\$3.35
Jul	51,455	\$3.15
Aug	32,077	\$2.69
Sep	18,454	\$2.93
Oct	21,250	\$3.47
Nov	7,726	\$3.52
Dec	12,171	\$3.71
Total	264,735	\$3.25

1994 Table 1b

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	1,774	\$3.17
Feb	1,855	\$3.28
Mar	2,696	\$3.40
Apr	3,007	\$2.98
May	2,685	\$3.71
Jun	4,121	\$3.58
Jul	11,037	\$3.13
Aug	7,553	\$3.09
Sep	12,702	\$3.34
Oct	14,010	\$2.07
Nov	12,898	\$4.35
Dec	8,585	\$4.07
Total	82,924	\$3.31

1998 Table 1f

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	5,859	\$4.02
Feb	1,834	\$4.15
Mar	18,531	\$3.70
Apr	27,715	\$3.39
May	32,649	\$3.54
Jun	46,381	\$3.49
Jul	68,247	\$3.14
Aug	43,275	\$2.98
Sep	52,827	\$3.08
Oct	43,606	\$3.20
Nov	19,129	\$3.54
Dec	12,706	\$3.76
Total	372,760	\$3.31

1995Table 1c

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	2,024	\$3.38
Feb	8,636	\$3.16
Mar	6,850	\$3.44
Apr	7,352	\$3.38
May	14,093	\$3.49
Jun	15,373	\$3.72
Jul	23,686	\$3.80
Aug	25,662	\$3.24
Sep	32,391	\$3.32
Oct	27,741	\$3.48
Nov	20,470	\$3.26
Dec	9,537	\$3.50
Total	193,814	\$3.44

1999 Table 1g

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	19,866	\$3.62
Feb	14,049	\$3.55
Mar	11,129	\$3.66
Apr	19,479	\$3.75
May	31,497	\$3.92
Jun	57,844	\$4.36
Jul	49,042	\$3.61
Aug	50,113	\$3.73
Sep	26,193	\$3.59
Oct	22,704	\$3.48
Nov	9,309	\$4.09
Dec	9,825	\$4.29
Total	321,050	\$3.83

1996Table 1d

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	13,668	\$3.60
Feb	10,270	\$3.62
Mar	15,217	\$3.63
Apr	12,252	\$3.95
May	19,736	\$3.86
Jun	27,375	\$3.72
Jul	41,215	\$3.09
Aug	31,101	\$3.06
Sep	28,772	\$3.37
Oct	18,287	\$3.18
Nov	15,369	\$3.47
Dec	11,967	\$3.75
Total	245,230	\$3.44

TOTAL '93 - '99 Table 1h

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	58.353	\$3.64
Feb	51,353	\$3.43
Mar	76,462	\$3.57
Apr	91,809	\$3.55
May	142,057	\$3.56
Jun	176,429	\$3.81
Jul	250,570	\$3.30
Aug	193,406	\$3.18
Sep	174,676	\$3.25
Oct	150,433	\$3.22
Nov	88,758	\$3.62
Dec	65,519	\$3.81
Total	1,519,826	\$3.44

Figure 2. (refer to table 2) Pacific Fisheries Information Network Data (1993 - 1999) Total Pounds of Cabezon Caught and Average Price per Pound by Month

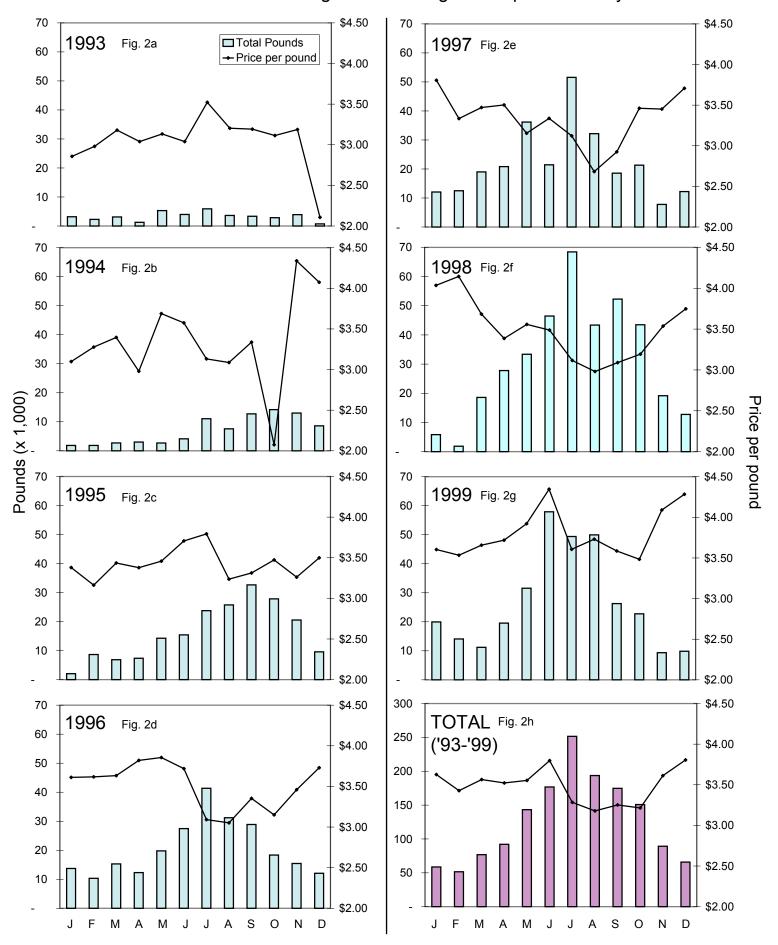


Table 2. (refer to fig. 2) Pacific Coast Fisheries Information Network Data (1993 - 1999) Total Pounds of Cabezon Caught and Average Price per Pound by Month

1993 Table 2a

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	3,191	\$2.86
Feb	2,280	\$2.98
Mar	3,124	\$3.18
Apr	1,265	\$3.04
May	5,321	\$3.13
Jun	3,977	\$3.04
Jul	5,924	\$3.52
Aug	3,645	\$3.20
Sep	3,360	\$3.19
Oct	2,853	\$3.11
Nov	3,920	\$3.19
Dec	739	\$2.11
Total	39,599	\$3.15

1997 Table 2e

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	12,057	\$3.81
Feb	12,504	\$3.33
Mar	18,991	\$3.47
Apr	20,821	\$3.50
May	36,181	\$3.15
Jun	21,437	\$3.34
Jul	51,570	\$3.12
Aug	32,173	\$2.68
Sep	18,561	\$2.92
Oct	21,317	\$3.46
Nov	7,777	\$3.45
Dec	12,205	\$3.71
Total	265,594	\$3.24

1994 Table 2b

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	1,839	\$3.10
Feb	1,860	\$3.28
Mar	2,699	\$3.40
Apr	3,011	\$2.98
May	2,691	\$3.69
Jun	4,128	\$3.57
Jul	11,060	\$3.13
Aug	7,572	\$3.09
Sep	12,726	\$3.34
Oct	14,190	\$2.07
Nov	13,018	\$4.34
Dec	8,607	\$4.07
Total	83,401	\$3.31

1998 Table 2f

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	5,824	\$4.04
Feb	1,843	\$4.14
Mar	18,580	\$3.68
Apr	27,778	\$3.39
May	33,384	\$3.56
Jun	46,470	\$3.49
Jul	68,451	\$3.12
Aug	43,385	\$2.98
Sep	52,284	\$3.09
Oct	43,478	\$3.19
Nov	19,163	\$3.54
Dec	12,748	\$3.75
Total	373,388	\$3.30

1995 Table 2c

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	2,034	\$3.38
Feb	8,652	\$3.16
Mar	6,867	\$3.44
Apr	7,364	\$3.38
May	14,258	\$3.46
Jun	15,416	\$3.71
Jul	23,763	\$3.79
Aug	25,744	\$3.24
Sep	32,652	\$3.31
Oct	27,834	\$3.47
Nov	20,527	\$3.26
Dec	9,574	\$3.50
Total	194,685	\$3.43

1999 Table 2g

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	19,967	\$3.60
Feb	14,085	\$3.53
Mar	11,205	\$3.66
Apr	19,552	\$3.72
May	31,576	\$3.92
Jun	57,906	\$4.35
Jul	49,404	\$3.61
Aug	49,951	\$3.73
Sep	26,269	\$3.59
Oct	22,750	\$3.48
Nov	9,345	\$4.09
Dec	9,849	\$4.28
Total	321,859	\$3.82

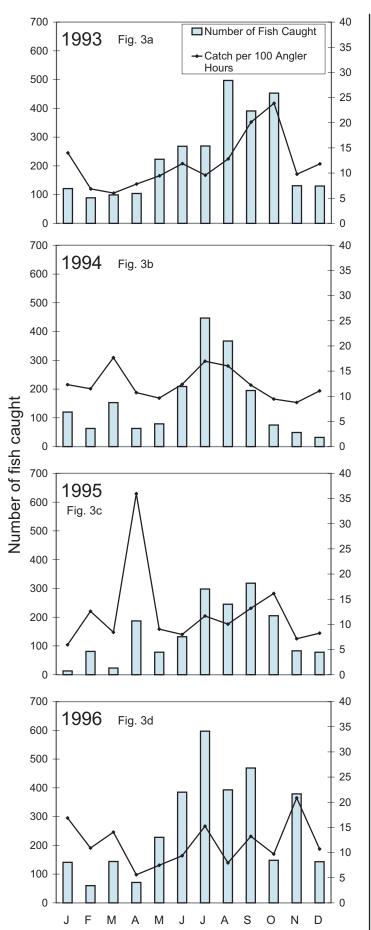
1996 Table 2d

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	13,720	\$3.61
Feb	10,325	\$3.62
Mar	15,292	\$3.63
Apr	12,304	\$3.82
May	19,788	\$3.86
Jun	27,469	\$3.72
Jul	41,345	\$3.09
Aug	31,214	\$3.05
Sep	28,878	\$3.35
Oct	18,351	\$3.15
Nov	15,432	\$3.46
Dec	12,063	\$3.73
Total	246,181	\$3.43

TOTAL '93 - '99 Table 2h

Month	Total Pounds	Price per Pound
Jan	58,632	\$3.63
Feb	51,549	\$3.43
Mar	76,758	\$3.56
Apr	92,095	\$3.52
May	143,199	\$3.55
Jun	176,803	\$3.80
Jul	251,517	\$3.28
Aug	193,684	\$3.18
Sep	174,730	\$3.25
Oct	150,773	\$3.21
Nov	89,182	\$3.61
Dec	65,785	\$3.81
Total	1,524,707	\$3.43

Figure 3.(refer to table 3) Commercial Passenger Fishing Vessel Data (1993 - 1998)
Total Number of Cabezon Caught and Catch per 100 Angler Hours (CPUE)



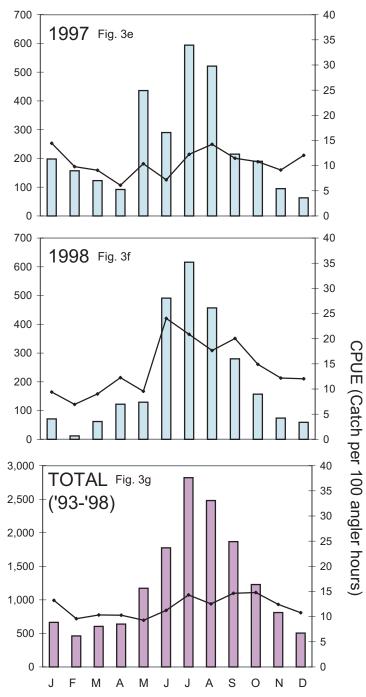


Table 3. (refer to fig. 3) Commercial Passenger Fishing Vessel Data (1993 - 1998) Total Number of Cabezon Caught and *Catch per 100 Angler Hours (CPUE)

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Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	121	14.00
Feb	89	6.85
Mar	99	6.02
Apr	104	7.82
May	223	9.46
Jun	268	11.88
Jul	269	9.58
Aug	497	12.83
Sep	391	20.14
Oct	453	23.87
Nov	131	9.78
Dec	130	11.82
Total	2,775	12.22

1997 Table 3e

Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	198	14.45
Feb	157	9.80
Mar	123	9.08
Apr	92	6.09
May	436	10.38
Jun	290	7.17
Jul	594	12.25
Aug	521	14.23
Sep	215	11.45
Oct	190	10.77
Nov	95	9.13
Dec	63	12.05
Total	2,974	10.70

1994 Table 3b

Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	120	12.31
Feb	63	11.50
Mar	153	17.67
Apr	63	10.73
May	79	9.63
Jun	209	12.36
Jul	447	16.97
Aug	367	16.02
Sep	195	12.23
Oct	75	9.45
Nov	49	8.77
Dec	32	11.07
Total	1,852	13.57

1998 Table 3f

Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	71	9.40
Feb	12	6.94
Mar	62	9.02
Apr	122	12.26
May	129	9.56
Jun	491	24.03
Jul	616	20.85
Aug	457	17.65
Sep	280	20.04
Oct	157	14.91
Nov	74	12.17
Dec	59	12.04
Total	2,530	16.76

1995 Table 3c

Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	13	5.94
Feb	81	12.60
Mar	23	8.42
Apr	187	35.96
May	78	9.05
Jun	132	7.99
Jul	298	11.66
Aug	245	10.05
Sep	318	13.20
Oct	205	16.14
Nov	83	7.14
Dec	78	8.25
Total	1,741	11.64

TOTAL '93 - '98 Table 3g

Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	664	13.23
Feb	462	9.59
Mar	604	10.33
Apr	639	10.28
May	1,173	9.28
Jun	1,775	11.24
Jul	2,821	14.31
Aug	2,480	12.53
Sep	1,868	14.63
Oct	1,228	14.79
Nov	811	12.42
Dec	505	10.78
Total	15,030	12.31

1996 Table 3d

Month	No. Fish Caught	CPUE*
Jan	141	16.87
Feb	60	10.89
Mar	144	14.06
Apr	71	5.59
May	228	7.47
Jun	385	9.37
Jul	597	15.24
Aug	393	7.95
Sep	469	13.22
Oct	148	9.71
Nov	379	20.85
Dec	143	10.70
Total	3,158	11.31

Abbreviated Life History of Cabezon (Scorpaenichthys marmoratus)

The cabezon is the largest member of the cottid family. In Spanish *cabezon* means big-headed or stubborn, and, proportionally, the massive head is definitely the largest feature of this fish. The specific name *marmoratus* refers to the marbled or mottled appearance of the body, which can be reddish, greenish, or bronze.

Distribution, Stock Structure and Migration

Populations range along the eastern Pacific coast from Point Abreojos, Baja California to Sitka, Alaska. Cabezon normally occur nearshore and their depth range extends from the intertidal to 335 ft. As fish get older and larger they tend to migrate into deeper water. In shallower water they migrate in and out with the tide to feed.

Age and Growth

Cabezon have been aged to a maximum age of 17 yr for males and 16 yr for females. Total lengths corresponding to these ages were 25.5 in. and 28.5 in., respectively. The largest recorded size is 39 in. in length and over 25 pounds.

Reproduction, Fecundity and Seasonality

Limited information available on age at sexual maturity suggests in central California males begin to mature in their third year and all are mature by their fourth year. The smallest mature male cabezon observed measured from 13.3 to 13.5 in. TL. and the smallest mature female cabezon observed measured 17.5 in. TL. Some females begin to mature in their fourth year between 15 and 20 in. in length, and by the sixth year all females are sexually mature. In California, spawning commences in late October, peaks in January and continues until March. Females are oviparous, meaning they lay or spawn eggs. Females spawn their eggs on intertidal and subtidal, algae-free rocky surfaces, primarily in crevices and under rocks. Masses of the pale green or reddish eggs are up to 18 in. in diameter and up to two to four inches thick. Males fertilize the eggs after spawning by the female, and the male guards the nest during the 2-3 week period that the eggs mature. Fish are very protective of the nests for the two to three weeks it takes the eggs to develop and hatch. Larvae are approximately 0.1 to 0.2 in. long at hatching and begin to settle out of the plankton at 0.6 to 0.9 inches.

Natural Mortality

Estimates of natural mortality are not available for cabezon.

Diseases

No information is available concerning diseases in cabezon.

Predator/Prey Relationships Cabezon can be aptly described as Asit and waite predators. Their mottled coloration lets them blend in with their surroundings as they sit motionless to wait for their next meal. With large, robust pectoral fins set low on the body and a powerful tail, they quickly lunge after unwary prey, engulfing it in their large mouth.

Adult fish eat crabs, small lobsters, mollusks (abalone, squid, octopi), small fish (including rockfishes), and fish eggs. Juveniles are taken by rockfishes and larger cabezon, as well as by lingcod and other sculpins.

Competition

Based on co-occurrence with adult and juvenile cabezon, demersal fishes associated with kelp beds and reef structure likely to compete with cabezon for food and space would include lingcod, greenlings, and rockfish species such as grass, gopher, black-and-yellow, China, quillback, copper, and vermilion.

Critical Habitat

Fish frequent subtidal habitats in or around rocky reef areas and under kelp beds. Usually solitary, juveniles and adults both are common on any rocky bottom area with dense algal growth. They are often in the vicinity of kelp beds, jetties, isolated rocky reefs or pinnacles, and in shallow tide pools. Most of their time is spent sitting in holes, on reefs, in pools, or on kelp blades beneath the canopy, but not actively swimming.

Status of Stocks

Limited information is available on population biology or changes in biomass over time.